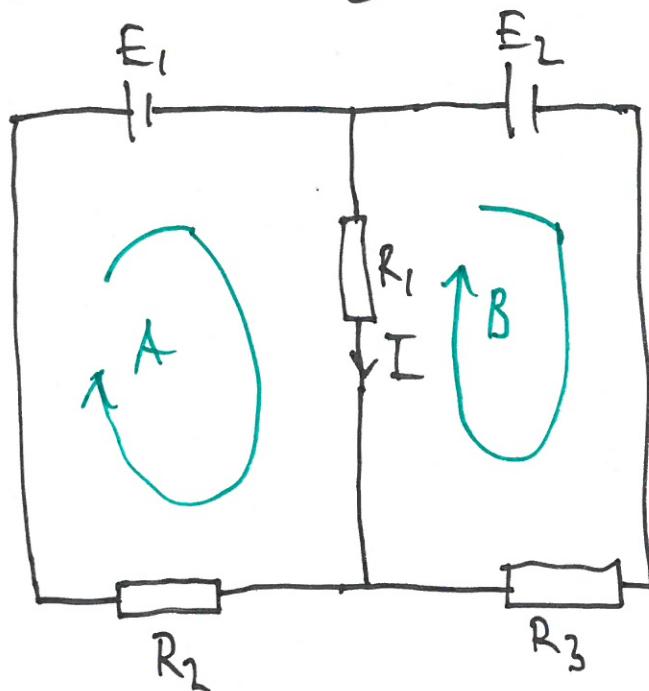


# A 1.4) Lösning med strömanalys



$$E_1 = 4.0 \text{ V}$$

$$E_2 = 2.0 \text{ V}$$

$$R_1 = 10 \Omega$$

$$R_2 = 100 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = 25 \Omega$$

$$-I_A \cdot R_2 - E_1 - (I_A - I_B) \cdot R_1 = 0$$

$$-E_2 - I_B \cdot R_3 - (I_B - I_A) \cdot R_1 = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$-(R_1 + R_2) \cdot I_A + R_1 \cdot I_B = E_1$$

$$+ I_A \cdot R_1 - (R_1 + R_3) \cdot I_B = E_2$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -(R_1 + R_2) & R_1 \\ R_1 & -(R_1 + R_3) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_A \\ I_B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_A = -43 \text{ mA}, I_B = -69 \text{ mA}$$

$$I = I_A - I_B \approx 26 \text{ mA}$$

$$I \approx 26 \text{ mA}$$